

## FOREWORD

The establishment and maintenance of an educational system in which the provision of quality education to all students is a major goal depends, to a considerable degree, on informed decision-making based on reliable data in the most critical areas of the system. The teacher factor is a significant variable in the teaching/learning process and it is as a result of this significance that the Government of Trinidad and Tobago in the Medium Term Policy Framework 2001-2003 made the strengthening of teacher education a fundamental social sector policy priority.

It is against this backdrop that the National Institute of Higher Education, Research, Science and Technology (NIHERST) undertook a comprehensive review of the teacher stock in the public secondary schools in the country with an emphasis on a number of key variables. While the results can have an impact on short term planning and decision-making with respect to teacher education, it is hoped that studies such as this one would become an integral element of the ongoing quality thrust in education in the country and the wider region.

NIHERST wishes to acknowledge the co-operation of the Central Statistical Office and the Ministry of Education which provided the data and documentation (Appendices I and II) used in this report.

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## INTRODUCTION

Education is of paramount importance because it provides the foundation for the enhancement of the human resource capability of a country. Secondary education is the precursor to further education and, therefore, holds the key to sustaining human resource development. Teachers at this level have the essential role of nurturing and developing the minds of the future generation of leaders, professionals, technicians and society in general.

This report focuses on teachers at government and government assisted secondary schools. The statistics complied in this publication represent the academic year, 1999-2000, and cover the following demographic and social indicators: age, gender, job classification, academic qualifications, professional training, subject area and type of school.

For the reference period covered (1999-2000) in this report there were 101 public secondary schools in Trinidad and Tobago with a total of 5213 teachers. The distribution of schools was as follows:

| Type of School | Number |
| :--- | :---: |
| Government | 21 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 30 |
| Junior Secondary | 21 |
| Senior Secondary | 3 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 12 |
| Composite | 10 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 4 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 1}$ |

In accordance with the compilation of national statistics, the data on age were tabulated by five-year groups to facilitate comparison. However, in reviewing the data, a ten-year age group was utilised.

This report is based on a job classification of secondary school teachers which existed up to December 1998. However, in October 2000, a Memorandum of Agreement between the Chief Personnel Officer and the Trinidad and Tobago Unified Teachers' Association was issued, indicating a change in the classification of offices in the teaching service - see Appendix I.

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The survey of the secondary school teacher corps during the 1999-2000 academic year is a snapshot of public secondary school teachers in Trinidad and Tobago. It reflects the increasing understanding of the importance of systematic information and data gathering in the establishment of a culture of quality in education. It also highlights the continuing importance of the role of the teacher as a key element in the teaching/learning process, as well as the many factors that have to be taken into consideration to ensure a heightened level of teacher professionalism. The survey covers the various categories of teachers in the public secondary school sector and focuses on a number of critical variables which should be of interest to all stakeholders concerned with improving the quality of education in the country.

The study covered 5,213 teachers in 101 government and government assisted secondary schools in which $41 \%$ was male and $59 \%$ female with the average age of all teachers being 41 ; the average age of males was 43 while that of females was 40.

Having a constant and adequate supply of properly trained teachers is important for maintaining educational quality. Therefore, it should be noted that teachers in the 40-59 age group accounted for $56 \%$ of all teachers, with those in the 50-59 age group accounting for $20 \%$. In view of the fact that teachers can attain retirement age in the teaching service as early as 50 , the age factor is one that requires close attention.

In most developed societies, secondary school teachers are required to reach an academic level that is equivalent to a university degree and to have a commensurate level of professional training. Sixty-three percent ( $63 \%$ ) of the 5,213 teachers surveyed had a university degree, $22 \%$ had a diploma or a certificate and $14 \%$ had $A^{\prime}$ and O'Levels. Less than half of all secondary school teachers (46\%) had professional training. Of this $46 \%$, only $19 \%$ or 989 teachers were professionally trained with a university degree/diploma and $27 \%$ or 1,430 teachers possessed the teacher's diploma.

However, seventy eight percent (78\%) of the teachers with university degrees was classified as Teachers-II, the highest category. Only forty three percent (43\%) of the teachers with university degrees classified as Teachers-ll had professional training; twenty nine percent (29\%) had a university degree/diploma in education and fourteen percent (14\%) a teacher's diploma.

Twenty two percent (22\%) of those with a university degree was not classified as Teachers-II. In light of the fact that the attainment of Teacher Il status was not dependent on the possession of professional training, it would be necessary to have a comprehensive knowledge of the characteristics of this group in the context of efforts to facilitate teacher professional development.

Half of the secondary school teachers ( $50 \%$ or 2,581 teachers) was classified as Teacher II, $12 \%$ as Teacher I, $6 \%$ as Special Teacher III and $5 \%$ in each of the Technical/Vocational Teacher II and Assistant Teacher III categories.

The largest proportion of trained teachers (91\%) mainly with a teacher's diploma was observed in the Teacher I category. The Teacher's diploma programme is offered by the Teachers' Colleges and because a substantial number of teachers was trained through this route, a strong case can be made for upgrading the academic and professional components of beginning teacher programmes to Bachelor's degree level in order to rapidly increase the number of trained teachers with Bachelor's degrees in the system.

Of the 2,581 teachers classified as Teacher II, females out-numbered males by almost 2 to $1,65 \%$ to $35 \%$. However, of the 892 males in the Teacher II category, thirty nine percent ( $39 \%$ ) was trained compared to forty five percent ( $45 \%$ ) of the females. At the Teacher II level where possession of a university degree is a key requirement, notwithstanding the almost 2 to 1 female/male ratio, the percentage of female Teachers-II with professional training was not much greater than the percentage of male Teachers-II with professional training. In this category, females were just as likely to teach without professional training as
their male counterparts. Half (50\%) of all teachers was engaged in the teaching of what can be considered the "core" subjects - Mathematics and Computer Science (11\%), Natural Science (14\%), Social Science (12\%) and English and English Literature (13\%).

Although these subjects are considered "core" areas in the curriculum, only twenty percent (20\%) of the teachers in Mathematics and Computer Science was professionally trained with a university degree/diploma. Twenty five percent (25\%) and thirty percent (30\%) of the teachers in Natural Science, English and English Literature respectively had professional training.

The larger proportion of Junior Secondary School teachers (54\%) did not possess a university degree. This implies that the majority of junior secondary students did not have access to teachers that had attained the Bachelor's level degree. Overall the distribution of teachers by Type of Secondary School and Training (Table 17) shows that students in all types of secondary schools need to have access to better professionally prepared teachers.

The study addressed the status of secondary education as it existed in the academic year 1999/2000. The need for additional teachers resulting from the construction of new secondary schools was not considered in this report. However, the review provides useful insights into an important aspect of secondary education in Trinidad and Tobago and highlights the need for a systematic and continuous approach to information and data gathering which is a major prerequisite for quality education in all contexts.

## Appendix I

## Classification of Offices in the Teaching Service

| Classification up to December 31, 1998 | Classification from January 1,1999 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Assistant Teacher II <br> An untrained primary school teacher with five (5) or more G.C.E. 'O' Levels. Mathematics, English Language and one (1) science subject should be included among the five (5) subjects. The acceptable grades are grade A to C. Five (5) or more C.X.C. subjects which should include Mathematics, English Language and one (1) science subject are also accepted. The grades at C.X.C. are General - Grade 1 and 2 and Basic Grade 1 only. | Assistant Teacher <br> A teacher who has five (5) G.C.E. O'Level or C.X.C. subjects (General Proficiency Level Grade I or II) including English Language, Mathematics and a Science subject; minimum of two (2) G.C.E. A'Level passes in area of speciality; In-service training in the techniques of teaching. |
| Assistant Teacher III An untrained teacher with a least two (2) G.C.E. 'A' Levels (Grades A to E) or its equivalent. |  |
| Teacher I <br> A graduate from a Teachers' Training College. However, the teacher should have his Elective subject at 'A' Levels. In cases where the Elective subject is not an 'A' Level subject the Ministry of Education conducts an In-service training course which is supervised by the Curriculum Officers for these teachers. | Teacher I <br> A teacher who has five (5) G.C.E. O'Level or C.X.C. subjects (General Proficiency Level Grade I or II) including English Language and Mathematics and a Science subject; certificate in teaching as evidenced by the possession of a Teacher's Diploma with an elective in subject area taught or inservice/specialised training in the subject area taught. |
| Special Teacher I (50\% degree) <br> Special Teacher II (50\% degree) <br> Special Teacher III (75\% degree) | Teacher II <br> A special teacher who has a 50 or $75 \%$ Degree which includes at least $50 \%$ of the courses relevant to the subject area taught ; in-service training at secondary level. |
| Teacher II <br> A degree from a recognised University. | Teacher III <br> Possesses a Bachelor's Degree in area of subject speciality from a recognised University; Certification in teaching as evidenced by the possession of a diploma in Education or equivalent. |
| Technical/Vocational Teacher I <br> Experience in industry as a craftsman and possession of the full National Craft Certificate or any equivalent combination of experience and training. | Technical/Vocational Teacher I <br> Possesses three (3) G.C.E. O'Level or C.X.C. subjects (General Proficiency Level Grade I or II) including English Language and Mathematics; National Craftsman Certificate (including completion of all options or levels relevant to subject area(s) taught) or equivalent; In-service/basic training in techniques of teaching and five (5) years pre-qualification or two (2) years post-qualification experience in relevant occupational field. |


| Technical/Vocational Teacher II Possession of a National Technician's Certificate or equivalent qualification. | Technical/Vocational Teacher II <br> Possesses five (5) G.C.E. O'Level or C.X.C. subjects (General Proficiency Level Grade I or II) including English Language and Mathematics; National Technician's Diploma or equivalent; In-service/basic training in techniques of teaching and a minimum of five (5) years pre-qualification or two (2) years postqualification experience in relevant occupational field (formerly designated Teacher I Home Economics, Agricultural Science, Industrial Art). |
| :---: | :---: |
| Technical/Vocational Teacher III Considerable experience as a craftsman in industry, and in teaching and possession of the full National Craft Certificate plus a recognised teacher's diploma or certificate or an equivalent combination of experience and training. | Technical/Vocational Teacher III <br> Possesses three (3) G.C.E. O'Level or C.X.C. subjects (General Proficiency Level Grade I or II) including English Language and Mathematics; National Craftsman Certificate (including completion of all options or levels relevant to subject area (s) taught or equivalent; certification in teaching as evidenced by the possession of a Technical Teacher's Diploma or equivalent and has five (5) years pre-qualification or two (2) years post qualification plus two (2) years teaching experience in the relevant occupational field. |
| Technical/Vocational Teacher IV <br> Possession of a Higher National Certificate or Higher National Diploma <br> Or <br> A degree in Engineering <br> Or <br> Experience in industry or in teaching, and possession of the National Technician's Certificate plus a recognised teacher's diploma or certificate or any equivalent combination of experience and training. | Technical/Vocational Teacher IV <br> Possesses five (5) G.C.E. O'Level or C.X.C. subjects (General Proficiency Level Grade I or II) including English Language and Mathematics, National Technician's Diploma or equivalent, certification in Teaching as evidenced by the possession of a Technical Teacher's Diploma or equivalent and has five (5) years pre-qualification or two (2) years post qualification plus two (2) years teaching experience in the relevant occupational area. |

Sources: Ministry of Education Annual Statistical Return (1999/2000) - Secondary School.
Memorandum of Agreement between The Chief Personnel Officer and Trinidad and Tobago Unified Teachers' Association, October 2000.

## Appendix II

## Explanatory Notes

## Teacher

A person directly engaged in instructing a group of pupils/students. Heads of educational institutions, supervisory and other personnel are counted as teachers only when they have regular teaching functions.

## Trained Teacher

A teacher who has acquired professional training at an approved Teachers' Training College. Evidence of this may take the form of a Teacher's Diploma (e.g. The Trained Teachers' Certificate issued by the Ministry of Education) or a University Degree, such as the Bachelor of Education which combines both professional and academic training, or the Diploma in Education (in-Service Training offered at the University of the West Indies).

## Untrained Teacher

A teacher who does not hold the Trained Teachers' Certificate or the Diploma of Education or the Bachelor of Education Degree.

## Types of Secondary Schools

## Government Secondary School and Government Assisted Secondary School

The grammar type 5 and 7 year secondary schools which concentrate on traditional academic subjects. After five (5) years, students write the Cambridge G.C.E. O'Level and C.X.C examinations. Some of the successful candidates later pursue the Cambridge A'Level examination after two additional years of schooling.

## Junior Secondary School

Provides a first cycle (3 years) of general secondary education for the 11 plus to 14 plus age group.

## Senior Secondary School and Senior Secondary Comprehensive School

Provide second cycle secondary education for children in the 15 to 16 or 18 plus age groups. The curriculum of these schools includes both traditional academic and technical/vocational subjects. The duration of the programme at this level is two (2) years but some schools offer two (2) additional years (Form VI ) for students pursuing the Cambridge A'Level examination.

## Composite School

Provides five (5) years of secondary education as the traditional secondary school but offers in addition a choice of courses in academic and technical/vocational subjects.

[^0]Table 1: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Gender

| Age (yrs.) | No. of Teachers |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Not stated |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ |
| All Ages | $\mathbf{5 2 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $<20$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| $20-24$ | 282 | 61 | 221 | 0 |
| $25-29$ | 540 | 151 | 389 | 0 |
| $30-34$ | 677 | 256 | 420 | 1 |
| $35-39$ | 711 | 311 | 400 | 0 |
| $40-44$ | 850 | 351 | 499 | 0 |
| $45-49$ | 996 | 432 | 564 | 0 |
| $50-54$ | 701 | 344 | 357 | 0 |
| $55-59$ | 361 | 188 | 173 | 0 |
| Not stated | 88 | 26 | 61 | 1 |

Chart 1: Distribution of Teachers by Gender


Table 1 shows the distribution of teachers in secondary schools by age and gender for the academic year 1999/2000. Of the total teacher population (5213), $41 \%$ was male while $59 \%$ was female (Chart 1 ), representing a ratio of 1 male to 1.4 female.


Chart 3: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Gender

-Male - Female

In terms of age distribution, the largest percentage of teachers (36\%) was seen in the combined age group of 40-49 years, followed by $27 \%$ in the $30-39$ age category. Further review of the data showed that $20 \%$ of the teacher population fell in the $50-59$ age group and $15 \%$ in the 20-29 age group (Chart 2). Whereas the distribution of teachers by gender was relatively similar in the 50-59 age group, females out-numbered males in the other age cohorts. In the 20-29 age group, the female to male teacher ratio was almost $3: 1$. The average age of all teachers was 41 years; that of males was 43 years compared with 40 years for females.

Table 2: Distribution of Teachers by Highest Level of Qualification and Gender

| Highest Level <br> of Qualification | No. of Teachers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Not <br> stated |
| All Qualifications | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ |
| University Degree | 5213 | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ | 3088 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Diploma/ Certificate | 3295 | 1187 | 2108 | 0 |
| A'Level | 1125 | 595 | 529 | 1 |
| O'Level | 460 | 190 | 270 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 264 | 124 | 140 | 0 |

Chart 4: Distribution of Teachers by Qualification


Chart 5: Distribution of Teachers by Qualification and Gender


A significant percentage ( $63 \%$ ) of secondary school teachers reported a university degree as their highest level of qualification while $22 \%$ possessed either a diploma or certificate (Chart 4). Of the teachers with university degrees, $36 \%$ was male compared with $64 \%$ female. However, with a diploma/certificate, a distribution of $53 \%$ male to $47 \%$ female was observed (Chart 5).

Table 3: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Highest Level of Qualification All Teachers

| Age (yrs.) | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Teachers | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Ages | 5213 | 3295 | 1125 | 460 | 264 | 69 |
| <20 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 20-24 | 282 | 124 | 32 | 110 | 10 | 6 |
| 25-29 | 540 | 370 | 75 | 85 | 6 | 4 |
| 30-34 | 677 | 486 | 124 | 45 | 17 | 5 |
| 35-39 | 711 | 466 | 184 | 36 | 20 | 5 |
| 40-44 | 850 | 544 | 214 | 53 | 32 | 7 |
| 45-49 | 996 | 595 | 258 | 58 | 71 | 14 |
| 50-54 | 701 | 438 | 149 | 44 | 67 | 3 |
| 55-59 | 361 | 226 | 74 | 17 | 41 | 3 |
| Not Stated | 88 | 46 | 14 | 6 | 0 | 22 |

Chart 6: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Qualification


Chart 6 shows that the majority of secondary school teachers within each age group had a university degree compared with other levels of qualification in the academic year 1999/2000. In the age groups, 25-29 to 55-59, the proportion of teachers with university degrees ranged between 60 and $72 \%$. Approximately one quarter of the teachers in each of the age groups, $35-39$ to 45-49, possessed a diploma/certificate as the highest level of qualification.

Table 3a: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Highest Level of Qualification Males

| Age (yrs.) | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Males | University Degree | Diplomal Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Ages | 2123 | 1187 | 595 | 190 | 124 | 27 |
| <20 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 20-24 | 61 | 18 | 10 | 29 | 2 | 2 |
| 25-29 | 151 | 82 | 31 | 34 | 2 | 2 |
| 30-34 | 256 | 165 | 63 | 18 | 7 | 3 |
| 35-39 | 311 | 167 | 110 | 21 | 10 | 3 |
| 40-44 | 351 | 191 | 109 | 31 | 17 | 3 |
| 45-49 | 432 | 223 | 144 | 27 | 31 | 7 |
| 50-54 | 344 | 213 | 80 | 16 | 34 | 1 |
| 55-59 | 188 | 115 | 42 | 8 | 21 | 2 |
| Not stated | 26 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 4 |



Chart 8: Distribution of Teachers by Qualification - Males

-University Degree $\quad$ Diplomal Certificate $\quad$ A'Level $\quad$ O'Level $\quad$ Not stated
The majority of male teachers (37\%) was in the 40-49 age group, followed by $27 \%$ in the $30-39$ age category. Male teachers in the 20-29 age group were least represented at a mere $10 \%$, as shown in Chart 7 which also depicts a skewed distribution of male teachers by age. Of the 2123 male teachers, $56 \%$ had a university degree followed by $28 \%$ with a diploma/certificate (Chart 8).

Table 3b: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Qualification Females

| Age (yrs.) | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Females } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Ages | 3088 | 2108 | 529 | 270 | 140 | 41 |
| <20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 20-24 | 221 | 106 | 22 | 81 | 8 | 4 |
| 25-29 | 389 | 288 | 44 | 51 | 4 | 2 |
| 30-34 | 420 | 321 | 60 | 27 | 10 | 2 |
| 35-39 | 400 | 299 | 74 | 15 | 10 | 2 |
| 40-44 | 499 | 353 | 105 | 22 | 15 | 4 |
| 45-49 | 564 | 372 | 114 | 31 | 40 | 7 |
| 50-54 | 357 | 225 | 69 | 28 | 33 | 2 |
| 55-59 | 173 | 111 | 32 | 9 | 20 | 1 |
| Not stated | 61 | 33 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 17 |

Chart 9: Distribution of Teachers by Age - Females


Chart 10: Distribution of Teachers by Qualification - Females

-University Degree $\quad$ Diploma/ Certificate $\quad$ A'Level $\quad$ O'Level $\quad$ Not stated
Similar to their male counterparts, the majority of secondary school female teachers (34\%) was between 40-49 years, followed by $27 \%$ in the $30-39$ age category. However, unlike male teachers, $20 \%$ or one fifth of the female teacher population was seen in the 20-29 age group (Chart 9). Of the 3088 female teachers, a substantial proportion ( $68 \%$ ) held a university degree and $17 \%$ possessed a diploma/certificate (Chart 10).

Table 4: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Gender

| Classification | No. of Teachers |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Not stated |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ |
| AII Classifications | 5213 | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Assistant Teacher II | 15 | 7 | 8 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 261 | 96 | 165 | 0 |
| Teacher I | 630 | 312 | 318 | 0 |
| Teacher II | 2581 | 892 | 1689 | 0 |
| Special Teacher I | 86 | 38 | 48 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 226 | 87 | 139 | 0 |
| Special Teacher III | 293 | 98 | 195 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 163 | 113 | 50 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 265 | 116 | 149 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 217 | 139 | 78 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 241 | 119 | 122 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 110 | 52 | 58 | 0 |
| Principal | 96 | 49 | 47 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 29 | 5 | 22 | 2 |

Chart 11: Distribution of Teachers by Classification


A review of the secondary school teacher population showed that approximately $50 \%$ ( 2581 teachers) was classified as Teacher II (Chart 11) of which $35 \%$ was male and $65 \%$ female (Chart 12). Teacher I comprised the next category (12\%) with a similar gender distribution. Six percent ( $6 \%$ or 293 teachers) was classified as Special Teacher III of which $33 \%$ was male and $67 \%$ female. Five percent ( $5 \%$ or 265 teachers) was observed in the Technical/Vocation Teacher II category of which $44 \%$ was male and $56 \%$ female. The Assistant Teacher III category also accounted for $5 \%$ of all teachers (Chart 11) with $37 \%$ male and $63 \%$ female (Chart 12).


Table 5: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Age All Teachers

| Classification | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Classifications | 5213 | 7 | 282 | 540 | 677 | 711 | 850 | 996 | 701 | 361 | 88 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 15 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 261 | 6 | 122 | 85 | 17 | 15 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 5 |
| Teacher I | 630 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 76 | 54 | 109 | 157 | 139 | 76 | 4 |
| Teacher II | 2581 | 0 | 77 | 273 | 410 | 399 | 458 | 467 | 322 | 135 | 40 |
| Special Teacher I | 86 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 9 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 7 | 3 | 1 |
| Special Teacher II | 226 | 0 | 13 | 23 | 19 | 33 | 31 | 52 | 30 | 24 | 1 |
| Special Teacher III | 293 | 0 | 21 | 56 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 44 | 33 | 17 | 5 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 163 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 24 | 47 | 36 | 33 | 8 | 4 | 2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 266 | 1 | 28 | 60 | 61 | 57 | 29 | 16 | 10 | 2 | 2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 217 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 18 | 40 | 86 | 45 | 15 | 3 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 241 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 36 | 69 | 68 | 35 | 16 | 3 |
| Vice Principal | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 17 | 34 | 35 | 22 | 0 |
| Principal | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 29 | 45 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 28 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 22 |

Table 5a: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Age
All Teachers

| Classification | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Classifications | 100 | 0.1 | 5.4 | 10.4 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 19.1 | 13.4 | 6.9 | 1.7 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 6.7 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 13.3 | 20.0 | 13.3 | 6.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 100 | 2.3 | 46.7 | 32.6 | 6.5 | 5.7 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 1.9 |
| Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 12.1 | 8.6 | 17.3 | 24.9 | 22.1 | 12.1 | 0.6 |
| Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 10.6 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 12.5 | 5.2 | 1.5 |
| Special Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 10.5 | 8.1 | 17.4 | 18.6 | 8.1 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| Special Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 5.8 | 10.2 | 8.4 | 14.6 | 13.7 | 23.0 | 13.3 | 10.6 | 0.4 |
| Special Teacher III | 100 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 19.1 | 13.7 | 13.3 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 11.3 | 5.8 | 1.7 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 14.7 | 28.8 | 22.1 | 20.2 | 4.9 | 2.5 | 1.2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 100 | 0.4 | 10.5 | 22.6 | 22.9 | 21.4 | 10.9 | 6.0 | 3.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 8.3 | 18.4 | 39.6 | 20.7 | 6.9 | 1.4 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 100 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 4.6 | 14.9 | 28.6 | 28.2 | 14.5 | 6.6 | 1.2 |
| Vice Principal | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 15.5 | 30.9 | 31.8 | 20.0 | 0.0 |
| Principal | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 21.9 | 30.2 | 46.9 | 0.0 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 7.1 | 0.0 | 78.6 |

Table 5a shows that generally, the majority of secondary school teachers within each classification was in the 40-49 age group. However, in the Assistant Teacher III category, 79\% of the teachers was in the 20-29 age group; and in each of the Technical/Vocational Teacher I and II classification, approximately $44 \%$ of the teachers was in the $30-39$ age group. Seventy seven percent ( $77 \%$ ) of all Principals was aged between $50-59$ years compared with $52 \%$ of Vice Principals.

## Table 5b: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Age Males

| Classification | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Classifications | 2123 | 3 | 61 | 151 | 256 | 311 | 351 | 432 | 344 | 188 | 26 |
| Assistant Teacher II |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 96 | 2 | 31 | 30 | 11 | 10 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Teacher I | 312 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 34 | 26 | 53 | 78 | 63 | 44 | 4 |
| Teacher II | 892 | 0 | 12 | 63 | 138 | 136 | 156 | 165 | 146 | 67 | 9 |
| Special Teacher I | 38 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| Special Teacher II | 87 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 19 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 7 | 0 |
| Special Teacher III | 98 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 17 | 10 | 21 | 21 | 7 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 113 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 17 | 34 | 22 | 23 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 116 | 1 | 8 | 22 | 27 | 27 | 16 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 139 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 14 | 28 | 56 | 27 | 8 | 2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 119 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 20 | 29 | 35 | 19 | 10 | 1 |
| Vice Principal | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 14 | 17 | 12 | 0 |
| Principal | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 16 | 26 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |

Table 5c: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Age Males

| Classification | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Classifications | 100 | 0.1 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 12.1 | 14.6 | 16.5 | 20.3 | 16.2 | 8.9 | 1.2 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 28.6 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 100 | 2.1 | 32.3 | 31.3 | 11.5 | 10.4 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 3.1 |
| Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.9 | 10.9 | 8.3 | 17.0 | 25.0 | 20.2 | 14.1 | 1.3 |
| Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 7.1 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 17.5 | 18.5 | 16.4 | 7.5 | 1.0 |
| Special Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 13.2 | 7.9 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 15.8 | 7.9 | 2.6 |
| Special Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 8.0 | 4.6 | 21.8 | 20.7 | 18.4 | 16.1 | 8.0 | 0.0 |
| Special Teacher III | 100 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 8.2 | 12.2 | 17.3 | 10.2 | 21.4 | 21.4 | 7.1 | 1.0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 15.0 | 30.1 | 19.5 | 20.4 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 0.9 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 100 | 0.9 | 6.9 | 19.0 | 23.3 | 23.3 | 13.8 | 7.8 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 2.2 | 10.1 | 20.1 | 40.3 | 19.4 | 5.8 | 1.4 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 100 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 16.8 | 24.4 | 29.4 | 16.0 | 8.4 | 0.8 |
| Vice Principal | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 13.5 | 26.9 | 32.7 | 23.1 | 0.0 |
| Principal | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 12.2 | 32.7 | 53.1 | 0.0 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 80.0 |

The distribution of the male teacher population shows that the majority of teachers by classification was in the 40-49 age group. However, sixty three percent ( $63 \%$ ) of the Assistant Teachers-III was seen in the $20-29$ age group while $46 \%$ of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-II and $45 \%$ of the Technical/Vocation Teachers-I were between 30-39 years. Most male Principals ( $53 \%$ ) were between 55-59 years of age.

Table 5d: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Age
Females

| Classification | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Classifications | 3088 | 4 | 221 | 389 | 420 | 400 | 499 | 564 | 357 | 173 | 61 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 8 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 165 | 4 | 91 | 55 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Teacher I | 318 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 42 | 28 | 56 | 79 | 76 | 32 | 0 |
| Teacher II | 1689 | 0 | 65 | 210 | 272 | 263 | 302 | 302 | 176 | 68 | 31 |
| Special Teacher I | 48 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 139 | 0 | 11 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 36 | 16 | 17 | 1 |
| Special Teacher III | 195 | 0 | 20 | 48 | 28 | 22 | 28 | 23 | 12 | 10 | 4 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 13 | 14 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 149 | 0 | 20 | 38 | 33 | 30 | 13 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 78 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 30 | 18 | 7 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 122 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 16 | 40 | 33 | 16 | 6 | 2 |
| Vice Principal | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 18 | 10 | 0 |
| Principal | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 13 | 19 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 22 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 17 |

Table 5e: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Age Females

| Classification | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Classifications | 100 | 0.1 | 7.2 | 12.6 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 16.2 | 18.3 | 11.6 | 5.6 | 2.0 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 12.5 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 100 | 2.4 | 55.2 | 33.3 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 13.2 | 8.8 | 17.6 | 24.8 | 23.9 | 10.1 | 0.0 |
| Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 12.4 | 16.1 | 15.6 | 17.9 | 17.9 | 10.4 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| Special Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 16.7 | 18.8 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Special Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 7.9 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 25.9 | 11.5 | 12.2 | 0.7 |
| Special Teacher III | 100 | 0.0 | 10.3 | 24.6 | 14.4 | 11.3 | 14.4 | 11.8 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 2.1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.0 | 26.0 | 28.0 | 20.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 100 | 0.0 | 13.4 | 25.5 | 22.1 | 20.1 | 8.7 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 15.4 | 38.5 | 23.1 | 9.0 | 1.3 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 100 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 5.7 | 13.1 | 32.8 | 27.0 | 13.1 | 4.9 | 1.6 |
| Vice Principal | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.2 | 34.5 | 31.0 | 17.2 | 0.0 |
| Principal | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 31.9 | 27.7 | 40.4 | 0.0 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 77.3 |

An analysis of the female teachers by classification indicated that the majority, as their male counterparts, was in the 4049 age group; more than $40 \%$ in the case of Teacher I, Technical/Vocational Teacher I, II and IV and Vice Principal. Eighty eight percent ( $88 \%$ ) of the Assistant Teachers-III and $46 \%$ of Special Teachers-I were in the 20-29 age group. Forty two percent ( $42 \%$ ) of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-II and $40 \%$ of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-I were between 30-39 years of age. The modal age group of the female Principals (68\%) was $50-59$ years.

Table 6: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Highest Level of Qualification All Teachers

| Classification | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Teachers | University Degree | Diploma/ | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Classifications | 5213 | 3295 | 1124 | 460 | 264 | 70 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 15 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 261 | 25 | 10 | 207 | 16 | 3 |
| Teacher I | 630 | 56 | 155 | 158 | 247 | 14 |
| Teacher II | 2581 | 2535 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Special Teacher I | 86 | 40 | 18 | 28 | 0 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 226 | 109 | 72 | 38 | 0 | 7 |
| Special Teacher III | 293 | 266 | 17 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 163 | 3 | 149 | 3 | 0 | 8 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 266 | 13 | 235 | 7 | 0 | 11 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 217 | 7 | 200 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 241 | 28 | 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 110 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Principal | 96 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Not Stated | 28 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 15 |

Chart 13: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Qualification

-University Degree $\quad$ Diploma/Certificate $\quad$ A'Level $\quad$ O'Level $\quad$ Not stated

Consistent with qualification requirement, almost all secondary school teachers classified as Teacher II (98\%), held university degrees (Chart 13). However, a substantial proportion of Special Teachers, especially Special Teachers-III with $91 \%$, had obtained university degrees. Approximately, $9 \%$ of the Teachers-I and Assistant Teachers-III were also university graduates. Twelve percent (12\%) of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-IV had university degrees but the majority of all Technical/Vocational Teachers possessed diplomas/certificates. Secondary education, O'Level and A'Level, was predominantly the highest level of qualification attained by Assistant Teachers-III (85\%) and Teachers-I (64\%).

Table 6a: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Highest Level of Qualification Males

| Classification | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Males } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Classifications | 2123 | 1187 | 595 | 190 | 124 | 27 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 7 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 96 | 10 | 6 | 75 | 4 | 1 |
| Teacher I | 312 | 31 | 79 | 76 | 119 | 7 |
| Teacher II | 892 | 879 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Special Teacher I | 38 | 15 | 12 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 87 | 43 | 26 | 16 | 0 | 2 |
| Special Teacher III | 98 | 88 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 113 | 2 | 104 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 116 | 4 | 104 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 139 | 1 | 131 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 119 | 10 | 109 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 52 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Principal | 49 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Not Stated | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

Chart 14: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Qualification - Males


■University Degree $\quad$ Diploma/Certificate $\quad$ A'Level $\quad$ OO'Level $\quad$ Not stated

Chart 14 shows that almost all the male teachers classified as Teacher II and $90 \%$ in the Special Teacher III category were holders of university degrees. Approximately, 10\% of the Assistant Teachers-III and Teachers-I also graduated with university degrees. The majority of Assistant Teachers-III (82\%) and Teachers-I (63\%) held secondary level qualification. Over $90 \%$ of the male Technical/Vocational Teachers had obtained diplomas/certificates.

Table 6b: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Highest Level of Qualification Females

| Classification | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Females | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Classifications | 3088 | 2108 | 529 | 270 | 140 | 41 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 8 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 165 | 15 | 4 | 132 | 12 | 2 |
| Teacher I | 318 | 25 | 76 | 82 | 128 | 7 |
| Teacher II | 1689 | 1656 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Special Teacher I | 48 | 25 | 6 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 139 | 66 | 46 | 22 | 0 | 5 |
| Special Teacher III | 195 | 178 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 50 | 1 | 45 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 149 | 9 | 130 | 3 | 0 | 7 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 78 | 6 | 69 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 122 | 18 | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 58 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Principal | 47 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 22 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 12 |

Chart 15: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Qualification - Females


As their male counterparts, most females in the Teacher II category (98\%) had obtained university degrees. A similar level of educational attainment was reported by $91 \%$ of Special Teachers-III, approximately $50 \%$ of the Special Teachers-I and III, 15\% of the Technical/Vocation Teachers-IV, $9 \%$ of the Assistant Teachers-III and 8\% Teacher I. In addition, a substantial percentage ( $87 \%$ ) of Technical/Vocational Teachers possessed diplomas/certificates while $87 \%$ of the Assistant Teachers-III and 66\% of the Teachers-I reported a secondary level qualification.

Table 7: Distribution of Teachers by Professional Training and Gender

| Professional <br> Training | No. of Teachers |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Not stated |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ |
| All Training | $\mathbf{5 2 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| University Degree/Diploma | 989 | 316 | 673 | 0 |
| Teachers' Diploma | 1430 | 660 | 770 | 0 |
| None | 2777 | 1142 | 1633 | 2 |
| Not stated | 17 | 5 | 12 | 0 |

Chart 16: Distribution of Teachers by Professional Training


Chart 17: Distribution of Teachers by Professional Training and Gender


The data on professional training revealed that $46 \%$ of the secondary school teachers was trained; $27 \%$ possessed the teacher's diploma and $19 \%$ had obtained a university degree/diploma. Over half of the teachers (54\%), therefore, had no professional training. By gender, a similar percentage of male (54\%) and female teachers (53\%) was untrained.

Table 8: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Professional Training All Teachers

| Age (yrs.) | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { All } \\ \text { Teachers } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Ages | 5213 | 989 | 1430 | 2777 | 17 |
| <20 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| 20-24 | 282 | 4 | 9 | 268 | 1 |
| 25-29 | 540 | 32 | 43 | 464 | 1 |
| 30-34 | 677 | 108 | 146 | 423 | 0 |
| 35-39 | 711 | 145 | 157 | 405 | 4 |
| 40-44 | 850 | 181 | 258 | 409 | 2 |
| 45-49 | 996 | 223 | 364 | 408 | 1 |
| 50-54 | 701 | 186 | 294 | 219 | 2 |
| 55-59 | 361 | 105 | 150 | 105 | 1 |
| Not stated | 88 | 5 | 9 | 69 | 5 |

Chart 18: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Professional Training


Chart 18 shows that $89 \%$ of secondary school teachers in the $20-29$ age group was untrained. This was followed by $60 \%$ in the 30-39 age category. The largest percentage of professionally trained teachers both at the university level ( $27 \%$ ) and at the teachers' diploma level (42\%) was in the 50-59 age category. A negligible $4 \%$ of teachers in the 20-29 age group was trained at the tertiary level.

Table 8a: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Professional Training Males

| Age (yrs.) | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Males | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Ages | 2123 | 316 | 660 | 1142 |  |
| <20 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |
| 20-24 | 61 | 0 | 4 | 56 |  |
| 25-29 | 151 | 7 | 13 | 131 |  |
| 30-34 | 256 | 25 | 57 | 174 |  |
| 35-39 | 311 | 39 | 72 | 198 |  |
| 40-44 | 351 | 55 | 117 | 179 |  |
| 45-49 | 432 | 65 | 168 | 198 |  |
| 50-54 | 344 | 77 | 133 | 134 |  |
| 55-59 | 188 | 48 | 90 | 49 |  |
| Not stated | 26 | 0 | 6 | 20 |  |

Chart 19: Distribution of Teachers by Professional Training - Males


Chart 20: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Professional Training - Males


Overall, $54 \%$ of the male teachers in secondary schools was untrained. Only $15 \%$ had professional training at the tertiary level while $31 \%$ possessed a teacher's diploma (Chart 19). Training among male teachers ranged from $11 \%$ in the age group 20-29 to $65 \%$ of teachers aged 50-59 years.

Table 8b: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Professional Training Females

| Age (yrs.) | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Females | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Ages | 3088 | 673 | 770 | 1633 | 12 |
| <20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 20-24 | 221 | 4 | 5 | 212 | 0 |
| 25-29 | 389 | 25 | 30 | 333 | 1 |
| 30-34 | 420 | 83 | 89 | 248 | 0 |
| 35-39 | 400 | 106 | 85 | 207 | 2 |
| 40-44 | 499 | 126 | 141 | 230 | 2 |
| 45-49 | 564 | 158 | 196 | 210 | 0 |
| 50-54 | 357 | 109 | 161 | 85 | 2 |
| 55-59 | 173 | 57 | 60 | 56 | 0 |
| Not stated | 61 | 5 | 3 | 48 | 5 |

Chart 21: Distribution of Teachers by Professional Training - Females


Chart 22: Distribution of Teachers by Age and Professional Training - Females


Although there were more female teachers than males, the percentage of untrained teachers by gender was similar ( $53 \%$ females and $54 \%$ males). The distribution of trained female teachers ranged from $10 \%$ of teachers between 20-29 years of age to $73 \%$ in the 50-59 age category.

Table 9: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Professional Training All Teachers

| Classification | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { All } \\ \text { Teachers } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Classifications | 5213 | 987 | 1426 | 2760 | 40 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 15 | 0 | 4 | 11 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 261 | 3 | 14 | 244 | 0 |
| Teacher I | 630 | 16 | 557 | 57 | 0 |
| Teacher II | 2581 | 750 | 351 | 1472 | 8 |
| Special Teacher I | 86 | 5 | 21 | 60 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 226 | 15 | 80 | 130 | 1 |
| Special Teacher III | 293 | 44 | 27 | 221 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 163 | 1 | 25 | 137 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 266 | 1 | 79 | 185 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 217 | 0 | 111 | 106 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 241 | 5 | 130 | 106 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 110 | 79 | 13 | 18 | 0 |
| Principal | 96 | 68 | 14 | 13 | 1 |
| Not Stated | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |

Chart 23: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Professional Training


While Teacher II comprised $50 \%$ of all secondary school teachers, less than half of this category of teachers ( $43 \%$ ) was professionally trained, $29 \%$ with a university degree/diploma and $14 \%$ with a teacher's diploma (Chart 23). However, teacher training was observed among $91 \%$ of the Teachers-I, $51 \%$ of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-III and $56 \%$ of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-IV, mainly at the level of the teachers' diploma.

Table 9a: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Professional Training Males

| Classification | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Males | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Classifications | 2123 | 316 | 660 | 1142 | 5 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 96 | 3 | 6 | 87 | 0 |
| Teacher I | 312 | 9 | 267 | 36 | 0 |
| Teacher II | 892 | 213 | 134 | 542 | 3 |
| Special Teacher I | 38 | 2 | 12 | 24 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 87 | 5 | 30 | 51 | 1 |
| Special Teacher III | 98 | 12 | 14 | 72 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 113 | 1 | 14 | 98 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 116 | 0 | 30 | 85 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 139 | 0 | 70 | 69 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 119 | 2 | 63 | 54 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 52 | 35 | 9 | 8 | 0 |
| Principal | 49 | 34 | 8 | 7 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |



Of 892 males in the Teacher II category, $39 \%$ was trained; $24 \%$ possessed a university degree/diploma and $15 \%$ a teacher's diploma. In the Teacher I classification, eighty eight percent ( $88 \%$ ) of the trained teachers was mainly in possession of a teacher's diploma, likewise 55\% in the Technical/Vocational Teacher IV and 50\% in the Technical/Vocational Teacher III category.

Table 9b: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Professional Training Females

| Classification | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Females } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Classifications | 3088 | 673 | 770 | 1633 | 12 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 8 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 165 | 0 | 8 | 157 | 0 |
| Teacher I | 318 | 7 | 290 | 21 | 0 |
| Teacher II | 1689 | 537 | 217 | 930 | 5 |
| Special Teacher I | 48 | 3 | 9 | 36 | 0 |
| Special Teacher II | 139 | 10 | 50 | 79 | 0 |
| Special Teacher III | 195 | 32 | 13 | 149 | 1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 50 | 0 | 11 | 39 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 149 | 1 | 49 | 99 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 78 | 0 | 41 | 37 | 0 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 122 | 3 | 67 | 52 | 0 |
| Vice Principal | 58 | 44 | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| Principal | 47 | 34 | 6 | 6 | 1 |
| Not Stated | 22 | 2 | 2 | 13 | 5 |

Chart 25: Distribution of Teachers by Classification and Professional Training - Females


■University Degree/Diploma $\quad$ Teachers' Diploma $\quad$ None $\quad$ Not stated

Forty five percent ( $45 \%$ ) of the females classified as Teacher II was trained, $32 \%$ with a university degree/diploma and $13 \%$ with a teacher's diploma. In the Teacher I category, the majority ( $91 \%$ ) held a teacher's diploma as in the case of $53 \%$ and $55 \%$ of the teachers classified as Technical/Vocational Teacher III and IV respectively.

Table 10: Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Gender All Teachers

| Subject | No. of Teachers |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Not stated |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ |
| All Subjects | $\mathbf{5 2 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ | 3088 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Maths, Computer Science | 579 | 299 | 280 | 0 |
| Natural Science $^{1}$ | 745 | 321 | 424 | 0 |
| Social Science |  | 644 | 265 | 379 |
| English, Literature | 696 | 124 | 572 | 0 |
| History | 305 | 114 | 191 | 0 |
| Geography | 149 | 56 | 93 | 0 |
| Languages | 442 | 84 | 358 | 0 |
| Agricultural Science | 179 | 107 | 72 | 0 |
| Engineering | 245 | 207 | 38 | 0 |
| Home Economics | 289 | 20 | 268 | 0 |
| Art and Craft | 206 | 78 | 128 | 1 |
| Other $^{*}$ | 633 | 410 | 223 | 0 |
| Not Stated | 101 | 38 | 62 | 0 |

1Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand

Chart 26: Distribution of Teachers by Subject


Of the total 5213 secondary school teachers, half ( $50 \%$ ) was involved in the teaching of the "core" subjects including: Maths and Computer Science (11\%), Natural Science (14\%), Social Science (12\%) and English and Literature (13\%).

${ }^{1}$ Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand

While the distribution of male (52\%) and female (48\%) teachers in Maths and Computer Science was similar, a relatively larger female teacher presence was reported in Natural Science (57\%), Social Science (59\%), English and Literature ( $82 \%$ ) and Languages ( $81 \%$ ). However, male teachers out-numbered their female counterparts in the traditional 'gender based' subjects of Agricultural Science ( $60 \%$ males to $40 \%$ females) and Engineering ( $84 \%$ males to $16 \%$ females).

## Table 11: Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Age All Teachers

| Subject | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Subjects | 5213 | 7 | 282 | 540 | 677 | 711 | 850 | 996 | 701 | 361 | 88 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 579 | 2 | 59 | 69 | 69 | 67 | 81 | 92 | 90 | 40 | 10 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 745 | 1 | 42 | 112 | 143 | 104 | 100 | 122 | 84 | 31 | 6 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 644 | 1 | 15 | 54 | 90 | 99 | 113 | 117 | 81 | 64 | 10 |
| English, Literature | 696 | 2 | 36 | 108 | 98 | 65 | 115 | 122 | 89 | 50 | 11 |
| History | 305 | 0 | 3 | 26 | 41 | 50 | 52 | 61 | 44 | 20 | 8 |
| Geography | 149 | 1 | 18 | 19 | 10 | 12 | 30 | 25 | 17 | 16 | 1 |
| Languages | 442 | 0 | 55 | 52 | 36 | 50 | 50 | 84 | 80 | 32 | 3 |
| Agricultural Science | 179 | 0 | 5 | 15 | 25 | 39 | 32 | 39 | 16 | 5 | 3 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 245 | 0 | 6 | 18 | 40 | 53 | 50 | 41 | 25 | 11 | 1 |
| Home Economics | 289 | 0 | 17 | 25 | 26 | 36 | 51 | 67 | 41 | 21 | 5 |
| Art and Craft | 206 | 0 | 14 | 13 | 23 | 27 | 36 | 41 | 29 | 22 | 1 |
| Other* | 633 | 0 | 7 | 19 | 62 | 99 | 128 | 166 | 97 | 41 | 14 |
| Not Stated | 101 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 19 | 8 | 8 | 15 |

Table 11a: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Age All Teachers

| Subject | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Subjects | 100 | 0.1 | 5.4 | 10.4 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 19.1 | 13.4 | 6.9 | 1.7 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 100 | 0.3 | 10.2 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 14.0 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 6.9 | 1.7 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 100 | 0.1 | 5.6 | 15.0 | 19.2 | 14.0 | 13.4 | 16.4 | 11.3 | 4.2 | 0.8 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 100 | 0.2 | 2.3 | 8.4 | 14.0 | 15.4 | 17.5 | 18.2 | 12.6 | 9.9 | 1.6 |
| English, Literature | 100 | 0.3 | 5.2 | 15.5 | 14.1 | 9.3 | 16.5 | 17.5 | 12.8 | 7.2 | 1.6 |
| History | 100 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 8.5 | 13.4 | 16.4 | 17.0 | 20.0 | 14.4 | 6.6 | 2.6 |
| Geography | 100 | 0.7 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 20.1 | 16.8 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 0.7 |
| Languages | 100 | 0.0 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 8.1 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 7.2 | 0.7 |
| Agricultural Science | 100 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 8.4 | 14.0 | 21.8 | 17.9 | 21.8 | 8.9 | 2.8 | 1.7 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 100 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 7.3 | 16.3 | 21.6 | 20.4 | 16.7 | 10.2 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| Home Economics | 100 | 0.0 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 17.6 | 23.2 | 14.2 | 7.3 | 1.7 |
| Art and Craft | 100 | 0.0 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 11.2 | 13.1 | 17.5 | 19.9 | 14.1 | 10.7 | 0.5 |
| Other* | 100 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 9.8 | 15.6 | 20.2 | 26.2 | 15.3 | 6.5 | 2.2 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 9.9 | 13.9 | 9.9 | 11.9 | 18.8 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 14.9 |

${ }^{1}$ Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand
Table 11a shows that the majority of teachers in each subject area fell in the $40-49$ age group. However, a larger percentage of Engineering (38\%) and Natural Science (33\%) teachers was between 30-39 years of age.

## Table 11b: Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Age Males

| Subject | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Subjects | 2123 | 3 | 61 | 151 | 256 | 311 | 351 | 432 | 344 | 188 | 26 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 299 | 1 | 26 | 31 | 36 | 40 | 42 | 48 | 47 | 25 | 3 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 321 | 1 | 5 | 39 | 50 | 54 | 45 | 57 | 49 | 19 | 2 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 265 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 49 | 41 | 38 | 5 |
| English, Literature | 124 |  | 5 | 10 | 18 | 8 | 22 | 18 | 27 | 14 | 2 |
| History | 114 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 13 | 21 | 28 | 22 | 11 | 2 |
| Geography | 56 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 7 | 0 |
| Languages | 84 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 20 | 26 | 14 | 0 |
| Agricultural Science | 107 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 20 | 17 | 29 | 16 | 4 | 1 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 207 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 29 | 43 | 42 | 39 | 25 | 11 | 0 |
| Home Economics | 20 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Art and Craft | 78 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 19 | 9 | 13 | 0 |
| Other* | 410 | 0 | 5 | 14 | 40 | 70 | 79 | 104 | 63 | 26 | 9 |
| Not Stated | 38 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 |

Table 11c: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Age Males

| Subject | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Subjects | 100 | 0.1 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 12.1 | 14.6 | 16.5 | 20.3 | 16.2 | 8.9 | 1.2 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 100 | 0.3 | 8.7 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 16.1 | 15.7 | 8.4 | 1.0 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 100 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 12.1 | 15.6 | 16.8 | 14.0 | 17.8 | 15.3 | 5.9 | 0.6 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 100 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 4.5 | 13.6 | 14.7 | 15.8 | 18.5 | 15.5 | 14.3 | 1.9 |
| English, Literature | 100 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 8.1 | 14.5 | 6.5 | 17.7 | 14.5 | 21.8 | 11.3 | 1.6 |
| History | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.4 | 10.5 | 11.4 | 18.4 | 24.6 | 19.3 | 9.6 | 1.8 |
| Geography | 100 | 0.0 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 21.4 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 12.5 | 0.0 |
| Languages | 100 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 11.9 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 6.0 | 23.8 | 31.0 | 16.7 | 0.0 |
| Agricultural Science | 100 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 11.2 | 18.7 | 15.9 | 27.1 | 15.0 | 3.7 | 0.9 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 100 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 6.3 | 14.0 | 20.8 | 20.3 | 18.8 | 12.1 | 5.3 | 0.0 |
| Home Economics | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 20.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 5.0 |
| Art and Craft | 100 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 9.0 | 12.8 | 19.2 | 24.4 | 11.5 | 16.7 | 0.0 |
| Other* | 100 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 9.8 | 17.1 | 19.3 | 25.4 | 15.4 | 6.3 | 2.2 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 7.9 | 15.8 | 18.4 | 13.2 | 18.4 | 13.2 | 7.9 | 2.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand

The modal age group of the male teachers in most of the subject areas was 40-49 years. However, the largest percentage of male teachers in Languages (48\%) and English and Literature (33\%) was seen in the 50-59 age category.

Table 11d: Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Age Females

| Subject | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Subjects | 3088 | 4 | 221 | 389 | 420 | 400 | 499 | 564 | 357 | 173 | 61 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 280 | 1 | 33 | 38 | 33 | 27 | 39 | 44 | 43 | 15 | 7 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 424 | 0 | 37 | 73 | 93 | 50 | 55 | 65 | 35 | 12 | 4 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 379 | 0 | 13 | 42 | 54 | 60 | 71 | 68 | 40 | 26 | 5 |
| English, Literature | 572 | 2 | 31 | 98 | 80 | 57 | 93 | 104 | 62 | 36 | 9 |
| History | 191 | 0 | 3 | 21 | 29 | 37 | 31 | 33 | 22 | 9 | 6 |
| Geography | 93 | 1 | 13 | 15 | 6 | 10 | 18 | 14 | 6 | 9 | 1 |
| Languages | 358 | 0 | 53 | 42 | 32 | 47 | 45 | 64 | 54 | 18 | 3 |
| Agricultural Science | 72 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 13 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 38 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Home Economics | 268 | 0 | 17 | 23 | 23 | 34 | 47 | 64 | 38 | 18 | 4 |
| Art and Craft | 128 | 0 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 17 | 21 | 22 | 20 | 9 | 1 |
| Other* | 223 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 22 | 29 | 49 | 62 | 34 | 15 | 5 |
| Not Stated | 62 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 7 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 13 |

Table 11e: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Age Females

| Subject | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Subjects | 100 | 0.1 | 7.2 | 12.6 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 16.2 | 18.3 | 11.6 | 5.6 | 2.0 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 100 | 0.4 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 11.8 | 9.6 | 13.9 | 15.7 | 15.4 | 5.4 | 2.5 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 100 | 0.0 | 8.7 | 17.2 | 21.9 | 11.8 | 13.0 | 15.3 | 8.3 | 2.8 | 0.9 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 100 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 11.1 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 18.7 | 17.9 | 10.6 | 6.9 | 1.3 |
| English, Literature | 100 | 0.3 | 5.4 | 17.1 | 14.0 | 10.0 | 16.3 | 18.2 | 10.8 | 6.3 | 1.6 |
| History | 100 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 11.0 | 15.2 | 19.4 | 16.2 | 17.3 | 11.5 | 4.7 | 3.1 |
| Geography | 100 | 1.1 | 14.0 | 16.1 | 6.5 | 10.8 | 19.4 | 15.1 | 6.5 | 9.7 | 1.1 |
| Languages | 100 | 0.0 | 14.8 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 13.1 | 12.6 | 17.9 | 15.1 | 5.0 | 0.8 |
| Agricultural Science | 100 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 13.9 | 18.1 | 26.4 | 20.8 | 13.9 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 2.8 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 100 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 13.2 | 28.9 | 26.3 | 21.1 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 |
| Home Economics | 100 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 12.7 | 17.5 | 23.9 | 14.2 | 6.7 | 1.5 |
| Art and Craft | 100 | 0.0 | 9.4 | 7.8 | 12.5 | 13.3 | 16.4 | 17.2 | 15.6 | 7.0 | 0.8 |
| Other* | 100 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 9.9 | 13.0 | 22.0 | 27.8 | 15.2 | 6.7 | 2.2 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 0.0 | 6.5 | 11.3 | 12.9 | 4.8 | 11.3 | 19.4 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 21.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand

The distribution of female teachers by subject as shown in Table 11c, indicates that most teachers were between 40-49 years of age. However, in the 30-39 age category, a relatively large percentage of teachers was also observed in Natural Science (34\%), History (35\%), Agricultural Science (45\%) and Engineering (55\%).

Table 12: Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Highest Level of Qualification All Teachers

| Subject | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Teachers } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Subjects | 5213 | 3295 | 1124 | 460 | 264 | 70 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 579 | 380 | 31 | 134 | 32 | 2 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 745 | 672 | 21 | 38 | 13 | 1 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 644 | 510 | 93 | 24 | 15 | 2 |
| English, Literature | 696 | 605 | 25 | 49 | 13 | 4 |
| History | 305 | 292 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Geography | 149 | 101 | 4 | 42 | 0 | 2 |
| Languages | 442 | 378 | 10 | 40 | 14 | 0 |
| Agricultural Science | 179 | 115 | 49 | 7 | 7 | 1 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 245 | 20 | 207 | 3 | 11 | 4 |
| Home Economics | 289 | 29 | 222 | 18 | 15 | 5 |
| Art and Craft | 206 | 68 | 59 | 47 | 31 | 1 |
| Other* | 633 | 86 | 388 | 42 | 101 | 16 |
| Not Stated | 101 | 39 | 11 | 8 | 11 | 32 |

${ }^{1}$ Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand


The largest proportion of secondary school teachers with university degrees by subject area ranged from 64\% in Agricultural Science to $96 \%$ in History, as shown in Chart 28. Only 8\% of the teachers in Engineering possessed a university degree while 84\% held a diploma/certificate.

Table 13: Distribution of Teachers by Subject and Professional Training

| Subject | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { All } \\ \text { Teachers } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Subjects | 5213 | 989 | 1430 | 2777 | 17 |
| Maths, Computer Science | 579 | 113 | 141 | 324 | 1 |
| Natural Science ${ }^{1}$ | 745 | 184 | 91 | 468 | 2 |
| Social Science ${ }^{2}$ | 644 | 122 | 160 | 358 | 4 |
| English, Literature | 696 | 217 | 129 | 349 | 1 |
| History | 305 | 92 | 67 | 145 | 1 |
| Geography | 149 | 41 | 23 | 85 | 0 |
| Languages | 442 | 134 | 60 | 248 | 0 |
| Agricultural Science | 179 | 26 | 62 | 91 | 0 |
| Engineering ${ }^{3}$ | 245 | 1 | 99 | 145 | 0 |
| Home Economics | 289 | 12 | 155 | 122 | 0 |
| Art and Craft | 206 | 19 | 104 | 83 | 0 |
| Other* | 633 | 23 | 317 | 292 | 1 |
| Not Stated | 101 | 5 | 22 | 67 | 7 |

${ }^{1}$ Biology, Chemistry, Physics, Zoology, Botany
${ }^{2}$ Accounts, Economics, Sociology, Theology
${ }^{3}$ Building and Electrical Technology, Electricity/Electronics, Mechnical Engineering
*Physical Education, Music, Special Education, Woodwork, Typing, Shorthand


Chart 29 indicates a significant percentage of untrained teachers in every subject area. Professional training at university degree/diploma level was attained by only $20 \%$ of the teachers in Maths and Computer Science and by $25 \%$ and $31 \%$ of the teachers in Natural Science and English and Literature respectively.

Table 14: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Gender All Teachers

| Type of School | No. of Teachers |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Not stated |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ |
| All Schools | $\mathbf{5 2 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Government Secondary | 987 | 372 | 614 | 1 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 1075 | 353 | 722 | 0 |
| Junior Secondary | 1176 | 485 | 690 | 1 |
| Senior Secondary | 99 | 43 | 56 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 979 | 458 | 521 | 0 |
| Composite | 424 | 185 | 239 | 0 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 473 | 227 | 246 | 0 |



Chart 30 shows the distribution of teachers by type of secondary school and gender. Generally, female teachers out-numbered males in each school type by a ratio, ranging from $1.1: 1$ in the senior secondary comprehensive and secondary comprehensive to $2: 1$ in the government assisted secondary schools. The female to male teacher ratio was 1.4:1 in junior secondary and 1.6:1 in government secondary schools.

Table 15: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Age All Teachers

| Type of School | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Schools | 5213 | 7 | 282 | 540 | 677 | 711 | 850 | 996 | 701 | 361 | 88 |
| Government Secondary | 987 | 0 | 55 | 94 | 146 | 133 | 168 | 181 | 129 | 75 | 6 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 1075 | 2 | 65 | 163 | 157 | 158 | 154 | 157 | 121 | 79 | 19 |
| Junior Secondary | 1176 | 2 | 73 | 97 | 156 | 155 | 182 | 199 | 198 | 99 | 15 |
| Senior Secondary | 99 | 0 | 13 | 24 | 14 | 13 | 6 | 21 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 979 | 1 | 29 | 58 | 83 | 140 | 184 | 244 | 142 | 64 | 34 |
| Composite | 424 | 2 | 32 | 64 | 70 | 54 | 62 | 81 | 38 | 12 | 9 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 473 | 0 | 15 | 40 | 51 | 58 | 94 | 113 | 66 | 31 | 5 |

Table 15a: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Age All Teachers

| Type of School | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Ages | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Schools | 100 | 0.1 | 5.4 | 10.4 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 19.1 | 13.4 | 6.9 | 1.7 |
| Government Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 9.5 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 17.0 | 18.3 | 13.1 | 7.6 | 0.6 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 100 | 0.2 | 6.0 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 11.3 | 7.3 | 1.8 |
| Junior Secondary | 100 | 0.2 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 15.5 | 16.9 | 16.8 | 8.4 | 1.3 |
| Senior Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 24.2 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 6.1 | 21.2 | 7.1 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 100 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 5.9 | 8.5 | 14.3 | 18.8 | 24.9 | 14.5 | 6.5 | 3.5 |
| Composite | 100 | 0.5 | 7.5 | 15.1 | 16.5 | 12.7 | 14.6 | 19.1 | 9.0 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 100 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 8.5 | 10.8 | 12.3 | 19.9 | 23.9 | 14.0 | 6.6 | 1.1 |

Table 15a illustrates that most of the teachers at the various types of secondary schools was within the 40-49 age group. However, in the government assisted secondary schools, $29 \%$ of the teachers was between $30-39$ years of age and in the senior secondary schools $37 \%$ of the teachers was in the 20-29 age group and $27 \%$ in the $30-39$ age cohort.

Table 15b: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Age Males

| Type of School | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Schools | 2123 | 3 | 61 | 151 | 256 | 311 | 351 | 432 | 344 | 188 | 26 |
| Government Secondary | 372 | 0 | 10 | 38 | 54 | 46 | 75 | 62 | 55 | 31 | 1 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 353 | 2 | 15 | 39 | 50 | 55 | 51 | 51 | 50 | 36 | 4 |
| Junior Secondary | 485 | 0 | 19 | 26 | 61 | 73 | 73 | 83 | 88 | 55 | 7 |
| Senior Secondary | 43 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 458 | 1 | 4 | 17 | 41 | 67 | 82 | 115 | 82 | 38 | 11 |
| Composite | 185 | 0 | 6 | 20 | 26 | 28 | 30 | 41 | 25 | 7 | 2 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 227 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 17 | 37 | 38 | 67 | 38 | 21 | 1 |

Table 15c: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Age Males

| Type of School | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Schools | 100 | 0.1 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 12.1 | 14.6 | 16.5 | 20.3 | 16.2 | 8.9 | 1.2 |
| Government Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 10.2 | 14.5 | 12.4 | 20.2 | 16.7 | 14.8 | 8.3 | 0.3 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 100 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 11.0 | 14.2 | 15.6 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 14.2 | 10.2 | 1.1 |
| Junior Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 12.6 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 17.1 | 18.1 | 11.3 | 1.4 |
| Senior Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 9.3 | 14.0 | 16.3 | 11.6 | 4.7 | 30.2 | 14.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 100 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 3.7 | 9.0 | 14.6 | 17.9 | 25.1 | 17.9 | 8.3 | 2.4 |
| Composite | 100 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 10.8 | 14.1 | 15.1 | 16.2 | 22.2 | 13.5 | 3.8 | 1.1 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 100 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 7.5 | 16.3 | 16.7 | 29.5 | 16.7 | 9.3 | 0.4 |

Table 15c shows the percentage distribution of male teachers by type of secondary school and age. The largest percentage of male teachers in the various secondary schools fell into the 40-49 age category.

Table 15d: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Age
Females

| Type of School | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Schools | 3088 | 4 | 221 | 389 | 420 | 400 | 499 | 564 | 357 | 173 | 61 |
| Government Secondary | 614 | 0 | 45 | 56 | 92 | 87 | 93 | 119 | 74 | 44 | 4 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 722 | 0 | 50 | 124 | 107 | 103 | 103 | 106 | 71 | 43 | 15 |
| Junior Secondary | 690 | 2 | 54 | 71 | 94 | 82 | 109 | 116 | 110 | 44 | 8 |
| Senior Secondary | 56 | 0 | 9 | 18 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 521 | 0 | 25 | 41 | 42 | 73 | 102 | 129 | 60 | 26 | 23 |
| Composite | 239 | 2 | 26 | 44 | 44 | 26 | 32 | 40 | 13 | 5 | 7 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 246 | 0 | 12 | 35 | 34 | 21 | 56 | 46 | 28 | 10 | 4 |

Table 15e: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Age Females

| Type of School | Age (yrs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | <20 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | Not Stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| All Schools | 100 | 0.1 | 7.2 | 12.6 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 16.2 | 18.3 | 11.6 | 5.6 | 2.0 |
| Government Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 7.3 | 9.1 | 15.0 | 14.2 | 15.1 | 19.4 | 12.1 | 7.2 | 0.7 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 6.9 | 17.2 | 14.8 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 9.8 | 6.0 | 2.1 |
| Junior Secondary | 100 | 0.3 | 7.8 | 10.3 | 13.6 | 11.9 | 15.8 | 16.8 | 15.9 | 6.4 | 1.2 |
| Senior Secondary | 100 | 0.0 | 16.1 | 32.1 | 12.5 | 14.3 | 7.1 | 14.3 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 0.0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 100 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 14.0 | 19.6 | 24.8 | 11.5 | 5.0 | 4.4 |
| Composite | 100 | 0.8 | 10.9 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 10.9 | 13.4 | 16.7 | 5.4 | 2.1 | 2.9 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 100 | 0.0 | 4.9 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 8.5 | 22.8 | 18.7 | 11.4 | 4.1 | 1.6 |

Table 15 e illustrates that similar to the males, the majority of the female teachers was in the 40-49 age group except in the government assisted secondary schools where $29 \%$ of the female teachers was between 30-39 years of age. In the senior secondary schools $48 \%$ of the teachers was between 20-29 years and in the composite schools $29 \%$ was in the 20-29 and 30-39 age groups.

Table 16: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Highest Level of Qualification All Teachers

| Type of School | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Teachers | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Schools | 5213 | 3295 | 1125 | 460 | 264 | 69 |
| Government Secondary | 987 | 695 | 168 | 75 | 44 | 5 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 1075 | 928 | 66 | 69 | 7 | 5 |
| Junior Secondary | 1176 | 538 | 264 | 190 | 178 | 6 |
| Senior Secondary | 99 | 57 | 30 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 979 | 573 | 319 | 45 | 6 | 36 |
| Composite | 424 | 225 | 115 | 47 | 22 | 15 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 473 | 279 | 163 | 22 | 7 | 2 |

Chart 31: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Qualification


Table 16 shows that the largest percentage of teachers with university degrees ( $86 \%$ ) was in the government assisted secondary schools followed by the government schools with 70\%. In the remaining types of school, between 50-60\% of the teachers held university degrees, except for the junior secondary schools with $46 \%$ of university graduates.

Table 16a: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Highest Level of Qualification Males

| Type of School | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Males } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Schools | 2123 | 1187 | 595 | 190 | 124 | 27 |
| Government Secondary | 372 | 245 | 77 | 31 | 18 | 1 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 353 | 289 | 27 | 30 | 4 | 3 |
| Junior Secondary | 485 | 194 | 125 | 79 | 86 | 1 |
| Senior Secondary | 43 | 24 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 458 | 224 | 195 | 18 | 2 | 19 |
| Composite | 185 | 94 | 60 | 18 | 10 | 3 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 227 | 117 | 97 | 9 | 4 | 0 |

Chart 32: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Qualification - Males


By type of school, the largest percentage of male teachers with university degrees was reported in the government assisted schools (82\%) and government secondary schools (66\%), as shown in Chart 32.

Table 16b: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Highest Level of Qualification Females

| Type of School | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Females } \end{gathered}$ | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Schools | 3088 | 2108 | 529 | 270 | 140 | 41 |
| Government Secondary | 614 | 450 | 91 | 44 | 26 | 3 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 722 | 639 | 39 | 39 | 3 | 2 |
| Junior Secondary | 690 | 344 | 138 | 111 | 92 | 5 |
| Senior Secondary | 56 | 33 | 16 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 521 | 349 | 124 | 27 | 4 | 17 |
| Composite | 239 | 131 | 55 | 29 | 12 | 12 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 246 | 162 | 66 | 13 | 3 | 2 |

Chart 33: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Qualification - Females


Similar to their male counterparts, Chart 33 shows a large proportion of female teachers with university degrees in the government assisted secondary schools (88\%), followed by government secondary schools with $73 \%$. Half of the female teachers (50.0\%) in the junior secondary schools possessed a university degree while $20 \%$ held a diploma/certificate as their highest level of qualification.

Table 17: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Professional Training All Teachers

| Type of School | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Teachers | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Schools | 5213 | 989 | 1430 | 2777 | 17 |
| Government Secondary | 987 | 274 | 209 | 493 | 11 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 1075 | 328 | 108 | 639 | 0 |
| Junior Secondary | 1176 | 156 | 601 | 418 | 1 |
| Senior Secondary | 99 | 1 | 16 | 82 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 979 | 117 | 230 | 632 | 0 |
| Composite | 424 | 61 | 95 | 263 | 5 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 473 | 52 | 171 | 250 | 0 |

Chart 34: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Professional Training


In terms of professional training, $31 \%$ of the teachers in government assisted secondary schools and $28 \%$ in government secondary schools attained a university degree/diploma. In the junior secondary and secondary comprehensive schools, $51 \%$ and $36 \%$ of teachers respectively possessed a teacher's diploma.

Table 17a: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Professional Training Males

| Type of School | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | All <br> Males | University <br> Degree/Diploma | Teachers' <br> Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ | $(5)$ |
| All Schools | $\mathbf{2 1 2 3}$ |  | $\mathbf{3 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 4 2}$ |

Chart 35: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Professional Training Males


Compared with Chart 34, Chart 35 depicts a similar trend, showing that of the male teachers in government assisted secondary schools and government secondary schools, $27 \%$ and $24 \%$ respectively were trained at the university degree/diploma level. Fifty eight percent ( $58 \%$ ) of male teachers in the junior secondary schools had obtained a teacher's diploma.

Table 17b: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Professional Training Females

| Type of School | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Females | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Schools | 3088 | 673 | 770 | 1633 | 12 |
| Government Secondary | 614 | 186 | 124 | 297 | 7 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 722 | 232 | 70 | 420 | 0 |
| Junior Secondary | 690 | 107 | 320 | 263 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary | 56 | 0 | 6 | 50 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 521 | 77 | 125 | 319 | 0 |
| Composite | 239 | 37 | 49 | 148 | 5 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 246 | 34 | 76 | 136 | 0 |

Chart 36: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Professional Training Females


In terms of the female distribution of teachers by type of secondary school and professional training, Chart 36 illustrates yet a similar pattern to Chart 34 , where most of the trained teachers at the university degree/diploma level was recorded in government assisted secondary schools (32\%) and government secondary schools (30\%).

Table 18: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Classification All Teachers

| Classification | Type of School |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Schools | Government Secondary | Government Assisted Secondary | Junior Secondary | Senior Secondary | Senior Secondary Comprehensive | Composite | Secondary Comprehensive |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All Classifications | 5213 | 987 | 1075 | 1176 | 99 | 979 | 424 | 473 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 15 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 261 | 46 | 39 | 83 | 14 | 29 | 32 | 18 |
| Teacher I | 630 | 87 | 53 | 376 | 3 | 33 | 45 | 33 |
| Teacher II | 2581 | 549 | 699 | 356 | 53 | 509 | 177 | 238 |
| Special Teacher I | 86 | 18 | 14 | 34 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 5 |
| Special Teacher II | 226 | 48 | 37 | 73 | 2 | 33 | 19 | 14 |
| Special Teacher III | 293 | 60 | 139 | 42 | 1 | 27 | 14 | 10 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 163 | 18 | 6 | 15 | 4 | 58 | 28 | 34 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 266 | 56 | 10 | 79 | 11 | 53 | 42 | 15 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 217 | 14 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 126 | 21 | 47 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 241 | 45 | 16 | 45 | 4 | 72 | 17 | 42 |
| Vice Principal | 110 | 21 | 27 | 38 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 5 |
| Principal | 96 | 21 | 30 | 20 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 5 |
| Not Stated | 28 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 3 |

Table 18a: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Classification All Teachers
(row percentage of Table 18)

|  | (row percentage of Table 18) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Classification |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | All <br> Schools | Government Secondary | Government Assisted Secondary | Junior Secondary | Senior Secondary | Senior Secondary Comprehensive | Composite | Secondary Comprehensive |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All Classifications | 100 | 18.9 | 20.6 | 22.6 | 1.9 | 18.8 | 8.1 | 9.1 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 100 | 6.7 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 0.0 | 26.7 | 13.3 | 26.7 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 100 | 17.6 | 14.9 | 31.8 | 5.4 | 11.1 | 12.3 | 6.9 |
| Teacher I | 100 | 13.8 | 8.4 | 59.7 | 0.5 | 5.2 | 7.1 | 5.2 |
| Teacher II | 100 | 21.3 | 27.1 | 13.8 | 2.1 | 19.7 | 6.9 | 9.2 |
| Special Teacher I | 100 | 20.9 | 16.3 | 39.5 | 3.5 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 5.8 |
| Special Teacher II | 100 | 21.2 | 16.4 | 32.3 | 0.9 | 14.6 | 8.4 | 6.2 |
| Special Teacher III | 100 | 20.5 | 47.4 | 14.3 | 0.3 | 9.2 | 4.8 | 3.4 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 100 | 11.0 | 3.7 | 9.2 | 2.5 | 35.6 | 17.2 | 20.9 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 100 | 21.1 | 3.8 | 29.7 | 4.1 | 19.9 | 15.8 | 5.6 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 100 | 6.5 | 0.5 | 3.2 | 0.5 | 58.1 | 9.7 | 21.7 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 100 | 18.7 | 6.6 | 18.7 | 1.7 | 29.9 | 7.1 | 17.4 |
| Vice Principal | 100 | 19.1 | 24.5 | 34.5 | 1.8 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 4.5 |
| Principal | 100 | 21.9 | 31.3 | 20.8 | 1.0 | 11.5 | 8.3 | 5.2 |
| Not Stated | 100 | 10.7 | 7.1 | 21.4 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 10.7 |

By classification, Table 18a shows that $27 \%$ of the 2581 Teachers-II was in the government assisted secondary schools, $21 \%$ in the government secondary and $20 \%$ in the senior secondary comprehensive schools. The majority of Teachers-I ( $60 \%$ ) was in the junior secondary schools. The distribution of Special Teacher III showed $47 \%$ and $21 \%$ in government assisted and government secondary schools respectively. Further review of the data indicates that $30 \%$ of the Technical/Vocational Teachers-II was in the junior secondary schools and $30 \%$ of the Technical/Vocational TeachersIV was in the senior secondary comprehensive schools.

Table 18b: Percentage Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Classification All Teachers
(column percentage of Table 18)

| Classification | Type of School |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All <br> Schools | Government Secondary | Government Assisted Secondary | Junior Secondary | Senior Secondary | Senior Secondary Comprehensive | Composite | Secondary Comprehensive |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| All Classifications | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Assistant Teacher II | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| Assistant Teacher III | 5.0 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 14.1 | 3.0 | 7.5 | 3.8 |
| Teacher I | 12.1 | 8.8 | 4.9 | 32.0 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 10.6 | 7.0 |
| Teacher II | 49.5 | 55.6 | 65.0 | 30.3 | 53.5 | 52.0 | 41.7 | 50.3 |
| Special Teacher I | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| Special Teacher II | 4.3 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 6.2 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| Special Teacher III | 5.6 | 6.1 | 12.9 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 2.1 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher I | 3.1 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher II | 5.1 | 5.7 | 0.9 | 6.7 | 11.1 | 5.4 | 9.9 | 3.2 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher III | 4.2 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 12.9 | 5.0 | 9.9 |
| Tech/Voc Teacher IV | 4.6 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 7.4 | 4.0 | 8.9 |
| Vice Principal | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 1.1 |
| Principal | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 |
| Not Stated | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 0.6 |

Table 18b reveals that the largest percentage of teachers in each type of secondary school, ranging from $42 \%$ in the composite schools to $65 \%$ in the government assisted schools, was in the Teacher II classification except in the junior secondary schools where the distribution of Teacher I (32\%) was similar to that of Teacher II (30\%).

Table 19: Distribution of Teachers by Type of Secondary School and Education District All Teachers

| Type of School | Education District |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Districts | St. George East | $\begin{gathered} \text { St. } \\ \text { George } \\ \text { West } \end{gathered}$ | Caroni | Nariva/ <br> Mayaro | St. Andrew/ St. David | Victoria | St. Patrick | Tobago |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| All Schools | 5213 | 854 | 1482 | 545 | 67 | 237 | 1270 | 588 | 170 |
| Government Secondary | 987 | 176 | 448 | 45 | 0 | 73 | 152 | 52 | 41 |
| Government Assisted Secondary | 1075 | 172 | 362 | 70 | 0 | 10 | 334 | 90 | 37 |
| Junior Secondary | 1176 | 122 | 345 | 193 | 32 | 65 | 241 | 178 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary | 99 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 64 | 0 |
| Senior Secondary Comprehensive | 979 | 280 | 88 | 202 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 90 | 0 |
| Composite | 424 | 18 | 46 | 35 | 0 | 89 | 92 | 114 | 30 |
| Secondary Comprehensive | 473 | 86 | 193 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 132 | 0 | 62 |



Chart 37 illustrates that the majority of teachers was located at secondary schools in St. George (East and West) (45\%) and Victoria (25\%).

Table 20: Distribution of Teachers by Education District and Highest Level of Qualification All Teachers

| Education District | Highest Level of Qualification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Teachers | University Degree | Diploma/ Certificate | A'Level | O'Level | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| All Districts | 5213 | 3295 | 1125 | 460 | 264 | 69 |
| St. George East | 854 | 585 | 163 | 48 | 37 | 21 |
| St. George West | 1482 | 982 | 303 | 108 | 69 | 20 |
| Caroni | 545 | 333 | 128 | 47 | 24 | 13 |
| Nariva/Mayaro | 67 | 32 | 16 | 13 | 6 | 0 |
| St. Andrew/ St. David | 237 | 142 | 65 | 23 | 6 | 1 |
| Victoria | 1270 | 811 | 259 | 114 | 75 | 11 |
| St. Patrick | 588 | 313 | 140 | 90 | 42 | 3 |
| Tobago | 170 | 97 | 51 | 17 | 5 | 0 |

Chart 38: Distribution of Teachers by Education District and Qualification


A review of the distribution of secondary school teachers by education district and highest level of qualification revealed a relatively larger proportion of teachers with university degrees in St. George East (69\%), St. George West (66\%) and Victoria (64\%) compared with other districts as shown in Chart 38.

Table 21: Distribution of Teachers by Education District and Professional Training All Teachers

| Education Districts | Professional Training |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Teachers | University Degree/Diploma | Teachers' Diploma | None | Not stated |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| All Districts | 5213 | 989 | 1430 | 2777 | 17 |
| St. George East | 854 | 196 | 190 | 458 | 10 |
| St. George West | 1482 | 232 | 407 | 836 | 7 |
| Caroni | 545 | 88 | 190 | 267 | 0 |
| Nariva/Mayaro | 67 | 4 | 21 | 42 | 0 |
| St. Andrew/ St. David | 237 | 59 | 78 | 100 | 0 |
| Victoria | 1270 | 316 | 347 | 607 | 0 |
| St. Patrick | 588 | 68 | 155 | 365 | 0 |
| Tobago | 170 | 26 | 42 | 102 | 0 |

Chart 39: Distribution of Teachers by Education District and Professional Training


By education district, the relatively largest proportion of trained secondary school teachers was seen in St. Andrew/ St. David (58\%), Victoria (52\%) and Caroni (51\%). In St. George East and West, 45\% and 43\% of the teachers respectively had obtained professional training.


[^0]:    Source : Ministry of Education Statistics on Public Education 1992-1993, March 1997.

